

The Later Middle Ages: Crisis and Disintegration in the Fourteenth Century

Name: _____

Date: _____

Due Date: _____

/25pts (standards based)

A Time of Troubles: Black Death and Social Crisis:

1. Define:

- a. Famine –
- b. Little Ice Age –
- c. The Black Death –
- d. The Flagellants –
- e. Pogroms –
- f. Carrying Capacity –

2. Famine and Population:

- a. What percentage of the European Population do historians estimate was killed as result of the Famine in the 14th Century, and why did Europe suffer from this famine?

- b. What migration pattern did people follow during this time period? What long term effects did the famine produce in relation to the Black Death?

3. The Black Death from Asia to Europe

- a. Describe the areas affected by the black death, how it was spread, and the scientific name of the Bubonic Plague.

- b. SKETCH a quick map showing the diffusion of the Plague, include the arrows showing which direction it traveled, and the years it reached those areas.



The Black Death in Europe:

4. The Black Death in Europe:
 - a. Describes the symptoms and effects of the Bubonic Plague.

 - b. Provide at least 3 examples of where the plague hit, and what percentage of the population it killed.

 - c. Describe the overall effect on Europe's population as a result of the Bubonic Plague

 - d. Mass Burial of Plague Victims: Describe what this image is depicting, how is it being depicted? Based on what you know about art (if anything) how does this painting differ from other paintings? (Its ok to take a guess here, we have not studied any art yet), what other event in history do you think can share a similar image to represent the peoples feelings?

- e. Read the primary sources on pg 309-310 and answer the following question in a short paragraph:
 - i. What were the different explanations for the causes of the Black Death? How do you explain the differences, and what do these explanations tell you about the level of scientific knowledge in the Later Middle Ages? Why do you think Jews became scapegoats?

- f. How did some people choose to live their lives as a result of the plague, was there a difference between the rich and poor? If so what was it?

- g. How did people explain the black death?

- h. Describe the flagellants, what was their purpose, how were they received, what did they do, and how did the Catholic church react to them?

- i. Describe the cause and effect of the Pogroms.

- j. The Cremation of the Strasbourg Jews (pg 312)
 - i. What charges were made against the Jews in regard to the Black Death? Can it be said that these charges were economically motivated? Why or why not?

5. Economic dislocation and Social Upheaval

- a. Compare and Contrast the peasant revolts in France and England.

- b. A Revolt of French Peasants (pg 314)

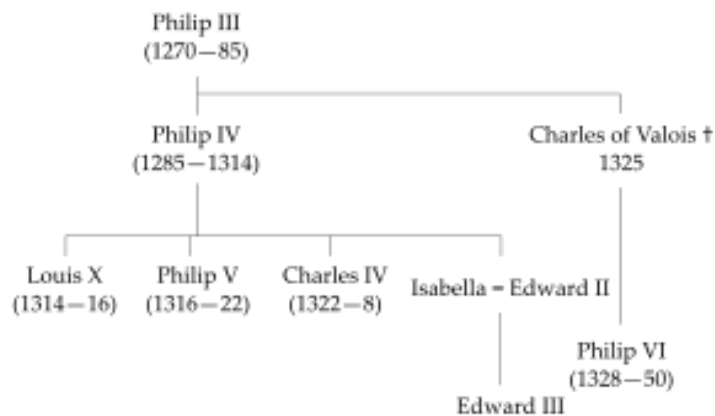
- i. Why did the peasants react so strongly against their aristocratic lords? Do you think this is an unbiased account? Why or why not?

War and Political Instability

6. Define:

- a. The Hundred Years war
- b. Joan of Arc
- c. Scutage
- d. Third Estate
- e. Condottieri
- f. Serf
- g. Vassal

7. Causes of the Hundred Years War, Conduct and Course of the War



- a. What dispute contributed to the Cause of the Hundred Years' War? Why did this dispute occur?
- b. Provide a brief summary of the Hundred Years War

- c. Who was Joan of Arc, and what was her role in the Hundred Years War?

- d. Chronology: Put the following events into the correct order, with their date listed.
 - i. Peace of Bretigny, Battle of Agincourt, End of the War, Outbreak of Hostilities, Battle of Poitiers, Death of Edward III, French Recovery under Joan of Arc, Twenty-year truce declared

- e. How was scutage changing the relationship between lord-serfs-and vassals? What sort of long-term effect did this have on many European monarchs, what impact did this have on the commoners?

- f. A Feminist Heroine: Christine de Pizan on Joan of Arc (pg 322)
 - i. In Christine de Pizan's view, what had Joan accomplished? Why did Christine consider those accomplishments so unusual? What does Joan's career as a soldier tell you about the culture of late medieval France?

8. The Germany Monarchy, The States of Italy

- a. How did German monarchies differ from those in the rest of Europe? Were there any consequences of this?

- b. Describe how Italy failed to develop a centralized monarchy, and expand further on the kingdoms below;
 - i. Duchy of Milan

 - ii. Republic of Florence

 - iii. Republic of Venice

The Decline of the Church

9. Define:

- a. The Papacy

- b. Great Schism

- c. Conciliarism

- d. Mysticism

- e. Theology

- f. Modern Devotion

- g. Vernacular Literature

10. Boniface VIII and the Conflict with the State

- a. Describe Boniface VIII's conflict with King Philip IV of France, what ultimately ended up happening to the Papacy as a result?

11. The Papacy at Avignon (1305-1377) and the Great Schism

- a. Where was the traditional capital of the Roman Catholic Church, and why was it relocated to Avignon?

- b. What effects did the papacy moving have on the Roman Catholic Church?

- c. When and why did the papacy move back to Rome?
- d. Describe the players, the reasons, and the results of the great Schism.

12. Dante's Vision of Hell (pg 331)

- a. How does Dante's vision of hell reflect medieval religious thought? Why were there Florentines in hell? What lessons do you think this work was intended to teach its readers?

The Cultural World of the Fourteenth Century

13. Define:

- a. Dante
- b. Petrarch
- c. Boccaccio
- d. Chaucer

14. The Development of Vernacular Literature

- a. Describe the development of vernacular literature, and its major proponents.

15. Art and the Black Death

- a. Which artist was known for his work during this time, and how did the Black death influence a generation of Artists?

Society in an Age of Adversity

16. Changes in Urban Life

- a. What effects did the Black Death have on cities as a whole?

- b. How did the daily lives of families and children change?

17. The Legal Rights of Women (pg. 335)

- a. Based on these documents, what socioeconomic and sociopolitical conditions in late medieval Europe do you think combined to “infantilize” women and severely limit their legal rights? Who would benefit the most from the legal disempowerment of women?

Chapter Summary:

Write a brief summary of the Chapter Utilizing at least 10 of the vocabulary words (please underline the vocabulary terms)

Major Questions: The following should be answered in at least a paragraph with an in-depth detailed response pulling information from the text, and be utilizing academic vocabulary.

18. What impact did the Black Death have on the society and economy of Europe?

19. What were the different explanations for the causes of the Black Death? How do you explain the differences, and what do these explanations tell you about the level of scientific knowledge in the Later Middle Ages? Why do you think Jews became scapegoats?

20. What major problems did European states face in the fourteenth century?

21. How and why did the authority and prestige of the papacy decline in the fourteenth century?

22. What were the major developments in art and literature in the fourteenth century?

23. How did the adversities of the fourteenth century affect urban life and medical practices?

Review and prepare to answer the multiple choice questions at the end of the chapter.